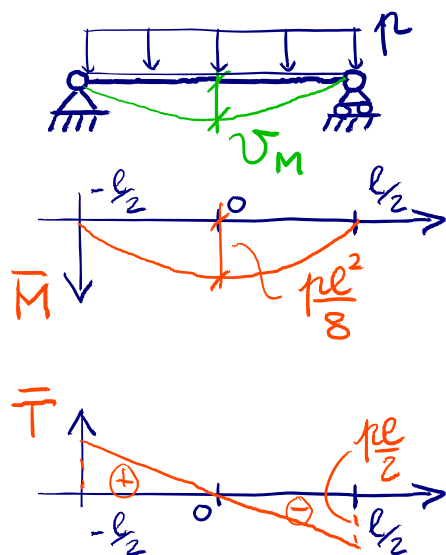


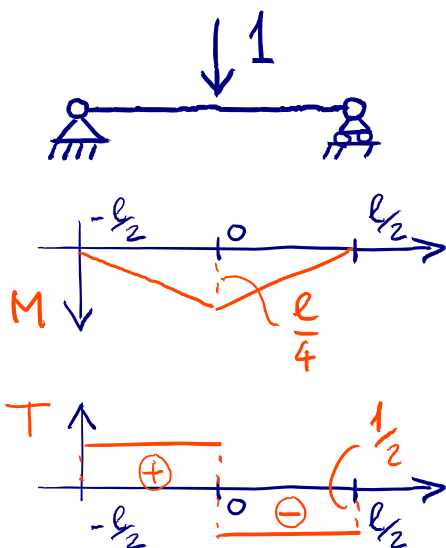
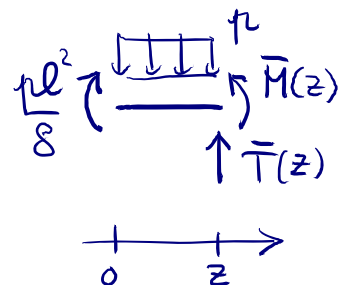
Esercizio: calcolare v_M , l'abbassamento in mezzzeria



sistema congruente

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{M}(z) &= \frac{pl^2}{8} - \frac{pz^2}{2} \\ &= \frac{p}{2} \left(\frac{l^2}{4} - z^2 \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{T}(z) = -pz$$



sistema equilibrato

$$M(z) = \frac{l}{4} - \frac{z}{2}, \quad z \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$$

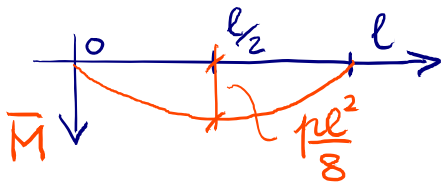
$$T(z) = -\frac{1}{2}, \quad z \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$$

$$L_{Vest} = 1 \cdot v_M = L_{Vint} = \int_{-\frac{l}{2}}^{\frac{l}{2}} \left(\frac{T\bar{T}}{r_s} + \frac{M\bar{M}}{r_F} \right) dz =$$

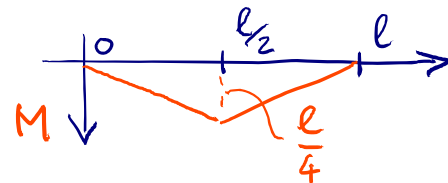
$$= 2 \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \left(\frac{T\bar{T}}{r_s} + \frac{M\bar{M}}{r_F} \right) dz = 2 \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \left(\frac{pz}{2r_s} + \frac{p}{2r_F} \left(\frac{l^2}{4} - z^2 \right) \left(\frac{l}{4} - \frac{z}{2} \right) \right) dz =$$

per la simmetria, il contributo sul tratto $(-\frac{l}{2}, 0)$ è uguale a quello sul tratto $(0, \frac{l}{2})$

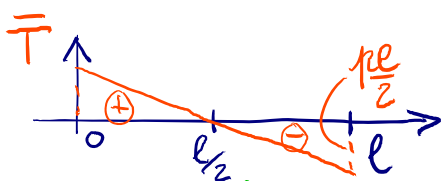
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{\mu}{r_F} \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \left(\frac{l^3}{16} - \frac{l^2 z}{8} - \frac{l z^2}{4} + \frac{z^3}{2} \right) dz = \\
 &= \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{\mu}{r_F} \left[\frac{l^3 z}{16} - \frac{l^2 z^2}{8 \cdot 2} - \frac{l z^3}{4 \cdot 3} + \frac{z^4}{2 \cdot 4} \right]_0^{\frac{l}{2}} = \\
 &= \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{\mu l^4}{r_F} \left(\frac{1}{16 \cdot 2} - \frac{1}{8 \cdot 2 \cdot 4} - \frac{1}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 8} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 16} \right) = \\
 &= \frac{1}{32} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{32 \cdot 12} (12 - 6 - 4 + 3) \\
 &= \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{5}{384} \frac{\mu l^4}{EJ}
 \end{aligned}$$



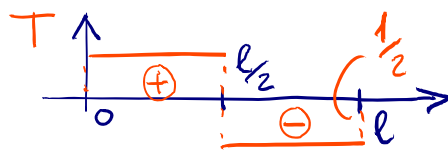
$$\bar{M}(z) = \frac{\mu}{2} (lz - z^2)$$



$$M(z) = \frac{z}{2}, \quad z \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$$



$$\bar{T}(z) = \mu \left(\frac{l}{2} - z \right)$$



$$T(z) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad z \in (0, \frac{l}{2})$$

$$L_{Vint} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{T\bar{T}}{r_s} + \frac{M\bar{M}}{r_F} \right) dz = 2 \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \left(\frac{T\bar{T}}{r_s} + \frac{M\bar{M}}{r_F} \right) dz =$$

come prima

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\mu}{2r_s} \left[\frac{lz}{2} - \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_0^{\frac{l}{2}} + \frac{\mu}{4r_F} \left[\frac{lz^3}{3} - \frac{z^4}{4} \right]_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \right) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{\mu l^4}{2r_F} \left(\frac{1}{3 \cdot 8} - \frac{1}{4 \cdot 16} \right) = \frac{\mu l^2}{8r_s} + \frac{5}{384} \frac{\mu l^4}{r_F} \\
 &= \frac{8 - 3}{3 \cdot 64}
 \end{aligned}$$